WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

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- 1. A liquid crystal display apparatus comprising:
- a plurality of pixels arranged in rows and columns, each for providing luminance corresponding to a display voltage;
- a plurality of first gate lines provided corresponding to respective said rows of said plurality of pixels;
- a plurality of second gate lines provided corresponding to respective said rows of said plurality of pixels;
- a plurality of data lines provided corresponding to respective said columns of said plurality of pixels;
- a gate drive circuit for driving each of said plurality of first and second gate lines to a voltage that is different between a select state in which corresponding one of said rows is selected for a scanning target in accordance with a prescribed scanning cycle and a non-select state except for said select state; and
- a source drive circuit for driving said plurality of data lines to said display voltage that corresponds to the pixels included in the row selected for said scanning target;
 - said plurality of pixels each including
- a liquid crystal element having a pixel electrode and a common electrode for providing luminance that corresponds to a voltage difference between said pixel electrode and said common electrode,
- a first field-effect transistor electrically connected between corresponding one of said data lines and a first node, and having its gate electrically connected to corresponding one of said first gate lines, and
- a second field-effect transistor electrically connected between said first node and said pixel electrode, and having its gate electrically connected to corresponding one of said second gate lines;
- said gate drive circuit setting each voltage of said first and second gate lines in said select state to a first voltage that can turn-on each of said first and second field-effect transistors, while setting a voltage of said first gate line in said non-select state to a second voltage that can turn-off said

first field-effect transistor as well as setting a voltage of said second gate line in said non-select state to a third voltage that is intermediate between a maximum value and a minimum value of said display voltage.

- 2. The liquid crystal display apparatus according to claim 1, said common electrode being supplied with a prescribed DC voltage, and said third voltage being substantially at a same level as said prescribed DC voltage.
- 3. The liquid crystal display apparatus according to claim 1, said common electrode being supplied with an AC voltage that is set to one of fourth and fifth voltages in a constant cycle, and said third voltage being substantially at a same level as an average of said fourth and fifth voltage.
 - 4. The liquid crystal display apparatus according to claim 1, said gate drive circuit including
- a plurality of drive units provided corresponding to said rows, respectively;

said plurality of drive units each including

a first driver for driving corresponding one of said first gate lines with one of said first and second voltages in response to a select signal that indicates whether said corresponding one of said rows is selected for said scanning target, and

a second driver for driving corresponding one of said second gate lines with one of said first and third voltages in response to said select signal.

- 5. The liquid crystal display apparatus according to claim 1, said gate drive circuit setting said second gate line in the non-select state to said third voltage in a normal mode, and setting to a sixth voltage in a test mode, and
 - a difference between said first and sixth voltages being larger than a

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difference between said first and third voltages.

- 6. The liquid crystal display apparatus according to claim 5, said sixth voltage being substantially at a same level as said second voltage.
- 7. The liquid crystal display apparatus according to claim 1, said first and second field-effect transistors being formed with an N-type thin film transistor, and

said first voltage being higher than said second voltage.

8. The liquid crystal display apparatus according to claim 1, said first and second field-effect transistors being formed with a P-type thin film transistor, and

said first voltage being lower than said second voltage.

A liquid crystal display apparatus comprising:
 a pixel for providing luminance corresponding to a display voltage;
 and

a data line for transmitting said display voltage supplied to said pixel;

said pixel including

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a liquid crystal display element having a pixel electrode and a common electrode for providing luminance corresponding to a voltage difference between said pixel electrode and said common electrode,

a first field-effect transistor electrically connected between said data line and a first node, and

a second field-effect transistor electrically connected between said first node and said pixel electrode;

the liquid crystal display apparatus further comprising
a gate drive circuit for driving each gate voltage of said first and
second field-effect transistors to a voltage that is different between a select
state in which said pixel is selected for a scanning target in accordance with

a prescribed scanning cycle and a non-select state except for said select state;

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said gate drive circuit in said select state setting each said gate voltage to a first voltage that can turn-on each of said first and second field-effect transistors, while setting a gate voltage of said first field-effect transistor in said non-select state to a second voltage that can turn-off said first field-effect transistor as well as setting a voltage of said second field-effect transistor in said non-select state to a third voltage that is intermediate between a maximum value and a minimum value of said display voltage.